

Toigo, A L et al., 2026. Antimicrobial resistance and arsenic tolerance in *Enterococcus* spp. isolated from free-ranging *Leopardus geoffroyi* in Candiota, Pampa Biome, Brazil: sentinel indicators of environmental pollution. *Ciência Animal Brasileira / Brazilian Animal Science*, Goiânia, v. 27, 2026. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1590/1809-6891v27e-84024E>

Supplementary Material

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Biological and capture information for free-ranging Geoffroy's cats (*Leopardus geoffroyi*) included in the study.

ID	Sex	Weight (g)	Collection date
CAN64	M	4400	08/22/2022
CAN111	M	4800	06/05/2022
CAN112	M	2350	06/05/2022
CAN113	M	3400	06/05/2022
CAN114	M	3800	08/22/2022
CAN117	F	2850	08/23/2022
CAN118	F	3100	08/24/2022
CAN119	M	3700	08/24/2022
CAN120	M	2250	08/24/2022
CAN121	M	5500	08/24/2022
CAN122	M	6100	08/26/2022
CAN123	F	3350	08/27/2022
CAN124	F	1750	08/27/2022
CAN126	M	3250	08/28/2022

ID: Sample identification; M: male, F: female.

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Table S2. Distribution of *Enterococcus* spp. among oral and rectal samples of free-ranging Geoffroy's cats captured in the Seival region, municipality of Candiota, Pampa Biome, Brazil, between June 2022 and February 2023.

Sample	Total number of isolates	Enterococcal species (n; %)
OC	50	<i>E. faecalis</i> (19; 38%)
		<i>E. faecium</i> (19; 38%)
		<i>E. durans</i> (6; 12%)
		<i>E. casseliflavus</i> (6; 12%)
RC	61	<i>E. faecium</i> (23; 37.7%)
		<i>E. hirae</i> (15; 24.59%)
		<i>E. faecalis</i> (14; 22.95%)
		<i>E. casseliflavus</i> (5; 8.19%)
		<i>E. durans</i> (2; 3.37%)
		<i>E. mundtii</i> (2; 3.37%)

OC: oral cavity and RC: rectal cavity.

Table S3. Number (%) of antimicrobial resistant enterococci isolates from oral cavity samples of free-ranging Geoffroy's cats captured in the Seival region, municipality of Candiota, Pampa Biome, Brazil, between June 2022 and February 2023.

Antimicrobials	Number (%) of antimicrobial resistant <i>Enterococcus</i> species				Total (n=50)
	<i>E. faecium</i> (n=19)	<i>E. faecalis</i> (n=19)	<i>E. casseliflavus</i> (n=6)	<i>E. durans</i> (n=6)	
Ciprofloxacin	10 (52.6)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (16.7)	11 (22)
Erythromycin	5 (26.3)	6 (31.6)	3 (50)	0 (0)	14 (28)
Linezolid	0 (0)	1 (5.3)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (2)
Nitrofurantoin	1 (5.3)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (2)
Norfloxacin	3 (15.8)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (6)
Rifampicin	10 (52.6)	6 (31.6)	3 (50)	2 (33.3)	21 (42)
Tetracycline	4 (21.1)	1 (5.3)	0 (0)	1 (16.7)	6 (12)

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Table S4. Number (%) of antimicrobial-resistant enterococci isolates from rectal cavity samples of free-ranging Geoffroy's cats captured in the Seival region, municipality of Candiota, Pampa Biome, Brazil, between June 2022 and February 2023.

Number (%) of antimicrobial-resistant <i>Enterococcus</i> species							
Antimicrobials	Species (n)						Total (n=61)
	<i>E. faecium</i> (n=23)	<i>E. faecalis</i> (n=14)	<i>E. casseliflavus</i> (n=5)	<i>E. hirae</i> (n=15)	<i>E. durans</i> (n=2)	<i>E. mundtii</i> (n=2)	
Ampicillin	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (50)	0 (0)	1 (1.6)
Ciprofloxacin	12 (52.2)	2 (14.)	1 (20)	3 (20)	2 (100)	0 (0)	20 (32.8)
Erythromycin	12 (52.2)	6 (42.9)	1 (20)	2 (13.3)	2 (100)	1 (50)	24 (39.3)
Streptomycin	2 (8.7)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (6.7)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (4.9)
Cloranfenicol	1 (4.3)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1.6)
Linezolid	1 (4.3)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (1.6)
Nitrofurantoin	4 (17.4)	0 (0)	0 (0)	3 (20)	1 (50)	0 (0)	8 (13.1)
Norfloxacin	6 (26.1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	1 (6.7)	1 (50)	0 (0)	8 (13.1)
Rifampicin	9 (39.1)	7 (50)	3 (60)	4 (26.7)	2 (100)	0 (0)	25 (41)
Tetracycline	7 (30.4)	0 (0)	2 (40)	1 (6.7)	2 (100)	0 (0)	12 (19.7)